

YMCA Youth Gambling Awareness Program (YGAP)

to emphasize the importance of not risking items one

is not comfortable losing.

YMCA

Programme de sensibilisation aux jeux de hasard chez les jeunes (PSJJ)

Workshops Key Concepts & Curriculum Links

Elementary School Workshops	Key Concepts	Curriculum Links	Timing
General Gambling Awareness* Grades 3 to 8 Gambling is often considered an adult activity, however, youth may already be engaging in gambling behavior, such as making a bet with a rare trading card, playing a claw machine game to win a prize, or unlocking a loot box in a video game. Gambling at any age has risks associated with it and the rate of problem gambling is two to four times higher for youth when compared to adults. This interactive workshop defines gambling, differentiates between skill-based and chance-based games, experiments with probability, and invites participants to experience the consequences of winning and losing. This allows them to identify risks associated with gambling and learn how to stay safe and make healthy, informed decisions. It will also share support services available in the community with regards to mental health and problem gambling. *This interactive workshop can be tailored for a classroom or a gymnasium/outdoor setting for more game-based programming.	 Definition of gambling and understanding "things of value" Examples of gambling opportunities available to youth Understanding the difference between playing a game and participating in a gambling activity Actual vs. Predicted Probability Incorporation of daily physical activity into the workshop Signs of risky gambling behaviors Healthy decision-making strategies Information about mental health and wellness support services 	Health & Physical Education Healthy Living (Making Healthy Choices, Substance Use, Addictions, and related Behaviors, Mental Health Literacy), Social-Emotional Learning Skills (Healthy Relationships) Social Studies People and Environments	Flexible: 45 to 75 minutes
Game-Bling: When Gaming Meets Gambling Grades 6 to 8 Gambling is incorporated in the games youth play (i.e. videogames, mobile apps), blurring the lines between gambling and gaming. Due to the risk associated with gambling, it is important for youth to differentiate when a game goes from a skill-based activity to a chance-based activity. This interactive workshop explores unconventional forms of gambling available to minors, activities such as player-pack unlocking, skin betting, e-sports betting, daily fantasy sports and claw machines. It invites youth to apply critical thinking skills to recognize the decreased perception of value of money when it has been converted to in-game currency and the importance of keeping track of money spent on ingame microtransactions. After analyzing the impact of excessive technology use on health and well-being, this workshop discusses signs of problem gaming and gambling and explores the potential risks of these activities, while providing strategies on how to make safe and healthy decisions and providing information on referrals to free and confidential community support services.	 Definition of gambling Underage gambling opportunities online and via games Differentiating between playing skill-based games and chance-based games Impacts of excessive use of Technology on Health and Well-being Risks and benefits of technology, gambling and gaming Signs of problematic behaviors (video gaming, excessive technology use, social gaming and gambling) Understanding the value of virtual/in-game currency Harm reduction strategies Information about support services 	Health & Physical Education Healthy Living (Making Healthy Choices, Substance Use, Addictions, and Related Behaviors, Mental Health Literacy), Social- Emotional Learning Skills (Healthy Relationships) Language Media Literacy, Oral Communication Mathematics Probability, Financial Literacy	Flexible: 45 to 75 minutes
Gambling, money and decision making: Financial Literacy and Gambling Grades 4 to 8 This session discusses items of value used by youth to bet with, and analyzes factors leading them to participate in games of chance (i.e. to make money)	 Definition of gambling Looking at budgeting as it relates to gambling Dispel myths about money and gambling Influence of gambling media in 	Mathematics Probability, Financial Literacy Language Media Literacy, Oral	Flexible: 45 to 75 minutes

making financial decisions

Communication

Through a variety of activities, youth understand that • Exploring gambling as it relates Health & Physical gambling is not a way to earn money by referring to finances and mental Education back to the odds of losing and the role of chance in wellness Healthy Living (Making • Information about support gambling. It also discusses the distinction between Healthy Choices, needs and wants which allows participants to apply services Substance Use, Addictions, and Related decision-making skills to create a budget and make smart financial decisions contributing to positive Behaviors. Mental mental health and wellbeing (i.e. exploring the Health Literacy), Socialconcept of entertainment budget and how it relates **Emotional Learning** to gambling). Finally, it invites youth to apply critical Skills (Healthy gambling thinking skills for recognizing Relationships) advertisement techniques and sales tactics and explores the financial risks of gambling while providing safety tips and providing information on referrals to free and confidential community support **Media Impact** • Definition of gambling Language • Asking questions about the Media Literacy for Grades 4 to 8 Media Studies, Media content we are shown Due to the opening up of the regulated gambling Literacy, Oral Influence of gambling ads on market to private companies in Ontario, youth are Communication youth interest in gambling being exposed to more gambling media than ever · Discuss the impact of before. In this multimedia workshop, youth develop Health & Physical gambling advertisements on critical thinking skills by exploring the role of Education attitudes or behaviors gambling advertisements in falsely portraying Healthy Living (Making • Themes used in gambling gambling as risk-free and as a way of making easy Healthy Choices, advertisements (i.e. Flexible: money as compared to its reality. Participants will Substance Use. "sportification" of gambling, 45 to 75 discuss the increased prominence of 'influencer Addictions, and Related glamour, dreaming big) minutes marketing' and youth exposure to gambling-related Behaviors, Mental Media persuasion techniques content (i.e. gambling tipsters, fantasy sports content) Health Literacy), Socialused to influence consumer on social media platforms while evaluating the **Emotional Learning** behavior (i.e. testimonials, credibility of the information being shared. The Skills (Healthy celebrities, humor, etc.) workshop will provide media safety tips (i.e. limiting Relationships) • Understanding the risks of screen time, installing ad blockers, downloading gambling smartphone usage tracking app), and invites **Social Studies** Harm reduction strategies and participants to analyze online content prior to sharing People and information about support it. The workshop will also share support services Environment services available in the community with regards to mental health and problem gambling. Stigma and Gambling Mental Health for Grades 6 to 8 Mental Health for Grades 6 to 8 • Definition of gambling and Health & Physical Although there are effective treatment options for stigma **Education** people experiencing mental health issues, substance • Dispelling misconceptions Healthy Living (Making use disorder and gambling-related problems, stigma about mental health issues Healthy Choices. serves as a barrier to help-seeking, forcing individuals Unpacking judgmental Substance Use. to suffer in silence. This presentation defines stigma attitudes and behaviors Addictions, and Related (self, social and structural), and the four stages of • Stages of stigmatization Behaviors, Mental Flexible: stigmatization referred to as cycle of stigma (labelling, • Exploring the repercussions of Health Literacy), Social-45 to 75 stereotypes, separation, discrimination), provides tools labelling Emotional Learning minutes to recognize stigma as well as strategies to reduce it • Strategies to reduce stigma Skills (Healthy (i.e. practicing non-judgmental language, listening • Continuum of participation in Relationships) and asking questions rather than assuming, including risky behaviors, and when to rather than excluding, etc.). This workshop dispels **Social Studies** seek help myths and provides factual knowledge and • Information about support People and awareness to support a compassionate approach to Environments services reducing stigma and facilitating an open dialogue. It will also share support services available in the community in regard to mental health and problem gambling.